

JANESVILLE DAILY GAZETTE.

VOLUME 7.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, FRIDAY, MARCH 27, 1863.

NUMBER 17.

The Daily Gazette
PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY
IN LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

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CHARLES HOWE, HENRY BOWEN, DANIEL WILCOX.

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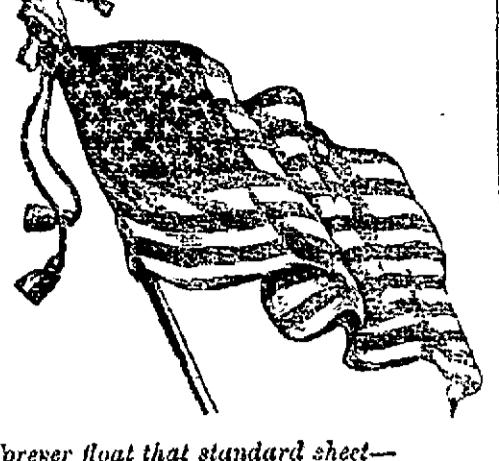
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With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,

And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

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The New York Evening Post comes to the conclusion that the administration has determined to put Gen. Fremont upon the shelf during the war. We had hoped, with thousands of others, that this would not be

the command, we think Gen. Fremont has peculiar qualifications, needed in some portions of the south.

He would not hesitate to use the slave, in whatever place he would prove most beneficial, to strike a blow at the rebels. And the slaves would

place confidence in an army commanded by Fremont, knowing that they would not be abused, but be treated as human beings.

There are thousands of slaves waiting for Fremont, who believe and have faith in him, because for years their masters and oppressors have spoken of him with the bitterest hatred. The presidential campaign of 1856 has not been forgotten in the south, nor the hopes and fears which it excited in the breasts of bondman and master.

If the administration is disposed to make the most effective use of the slaves emancipated by the proclamation, and call upon them to fight for their own freedom, as well as to preserve the Union, it would appear to the public that Gen. Fremont is just the man to place in command of such a movement. His name alone would be a tower of strength, while his energy and perseverance are proverbial.

If the administration is desirous of more volunteers, we have not a doubt that they can be obtained to a large extent, if an independent command should be given to Gen. Fremont, with the assurance that he would not be disturbed in his operations.

Let him be assigned to a command in Florida or Texas, and we believe he can raise a new volunteer army sufficient within a short time to commence formidable operations in one of those states, and that his army would increase in strength rapidly as he advanced. Texas would be a most inviting field for a northern army under his command, with the understanding that it should be *permanently occupied* by the troops which should be thrown into it.

There are thousands of Union men in that state, who have been waiting, ever since the rebellion commenced, for the appearance of a liberating force. Texas could in this way be settled, as well as redeemed from rebel rule, and Fremont is just the man to attract the adventurous young men of the country to such an enterprise. Why should not Gen. Fremont be permitted to aid in the suppression of the rebellion in this way? Can there be any reasonable objection to it? We can see none, and we trust that the experiment may be tried, especially as it would not withdraw much of the force now in the field, and those who should volunteer for this purpose would run their own risks as to Fremont's generalship and success.

COMING OUT.—The Monitor, after laying

perfectly dormant during the cold winds and frosts of February and March, begins

to thaw out, and shows its head protruding from its winter hole. It talks again (guardedly it is true, for it yet fears the public disapprobation which compelled its silence) about "arbitrary arrests," defending Judge

Constable, and censuring the release of

Lient. Dustin. It ventures upon an ap-

proval of the "copperhead" badges worn

by the partisans of its faith, and shows a

general disposition to exhibit the whole

length of its scaly and slimy body as soon

as the dangers of the spring elections are

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REBEL ATROCITIES IN TEXAS.—General

Hamilton asserted at the meeting of the

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his knowledge that more than two hundred

and fifty northern people who had gone

down to settle Texas were hung in that

state, pending the presidential election, in

1860, because they were suspected of being

more loyal to the government than to slavey!

And yet these are the ruffians and

heaven forsaken wretches, whom the cop-

perhead prints among us depict as fighting

only for their "rights," and being entitled

to democratic sympathy and protection;

and to encourage whom in their diabolical

schemes northern men permit themselves

to be led up to the polls of the election like

sheep, to vote against the secessionists, and

against, not the rebellion, but their own

government! "Oh, shame—where is thy

blush?"

A HONOR QUESTION.—The Richmond

Advertiser pertinently asks why Cox, Val-

landingham & Co., don't stop talking against

the Puritans and go to fighting against

them.

Timothy (Drummond, a deaf and dumb boy, was one of the most active in the De-

troit mob. On his examination, witnesses

testified that he set fire to several houses,

broke windows, &c.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

A Patriotic Letter.

The following letter was addressed by Col. Fairchild, of the 2d Wisconsin regiment, to a friend in Madison, and furnished by him for publication. Col. F. is a democrat, but has no sympathy with the copperhead enemies of the government.

[HEADQUARTERS SECOND WIS. VOL. 1]

BIRLS PLAIN, Va., March 18th, 1863.

Dear James:—Yours of the 9th inst. I have just read with much pleasure, and also with feelings of deep sorrow; pleasure to have you express such good loyal sentiments, sorrow to know that there are any considerable number of men in our state, who dare openly proclaim hostility to this holy war.

It would be bad enough to know that they thought treason of that kind, but that public sentiment has so fallen that any man in this time of tribulation and sorrow, should dare to lift his voice against the government is almost past belief, yet I know it is so.

It is but poor encouragement to the soldiers in the field, for if this is not a just war on our side, then we are no better than a band of robbers; but if it is a holy war, waged for a holy purpose, the army should hear nothing but words of hope and encouragement from those at home.

Any man who makes serious opposition to the government at this time is no better than a traitor; as such he is regarded by the army.

Men who advocate peace on any grounds this side of the "Union as it was," is, whether he intends it or not, an enemy to the country.

There is but one way, to continue the war until victory rests with us, even if it takes every man and dollar in the north. The end is to be victory, and every means should be used to secure that end.

There will be a sad day of reckoning for those who are opposing the government when the army returns home, it will hardly save disloyal men.

I feel more than I can express on this subject. I cannot imagine how any man who is not a traitor at heart can stand up and advocate such principles.

Should resistance be offered to the conscription, I hope the guilty ones will be hung on the first tree. This is no time to be lenient or merciful to such criminals.

All men should be willing and glad to contribute their means, and if necessary their lives, on their country's altar; but he who is not, falls short of being a good citizen. I have all confidence in our cause, and feel sure that we shall be victorious over the traitors both south and north. Were the copperheads to hear the opinions of the army, they would at least be more prudent from motives of fear.

We do not believe that this is a fit time to stand safely at home and quibble and find fault with the government, so long as the government is pushing the war vigorously to a victorious end. It is a time for all men to put their shoulders to the wheel and give a long, strong, hearty, willing, helping push; when that is done we shall push forward to a speedy triumph.

I hope, and cannot but believe, that those who now express their opposition, will take a sober second thought, change front, and enter like patriots, in earnest support of the right. Your friend, L. FAIRCHILD.

Inramous.

If there is a recklessness of consequences there is also a depth of infamy in the Chicago Times which is absolutely amazing. It recently declared that

"So long as the present political policies of the war are persisted in—so long as the war is continued as the war of a political party—every dollar expended in it is wasted, and worse than wasted, and every life lost in it is an abominable sacrifice, and a murder, indeed, by those upon whom the responsibility rests of the prevailing politics. The man who does not wash his hands of all participation in such a war shares the guilt of those by whom it is prosecuted."

The Jackson (Miss.) Democrat says that when the Indianola was captured, the Webb fired her 34-pound guns at a distance of thirty yards, making no impression whatever on her. The Webb butted her, and lost five feet of her bow in doing so. The Queen of the West was also severely injured by butting her.

Near Vicksburg, March 20.

Special dispatch to the Chicago Times.—"The news is said to be seven feet of water in the channel to Bayou Macou, whence transports can go readily into Red river. None have yet gone into the lake. It is doubtful whether any attempts will be made to navigate this route at present, the Yazoo Pass movement so engrosses attention.

It rumors reach us of a disaster to Gen. Ross, commanding the expedition through Yazoo Pass, but they are not credited. He was skirmishing briskly three days ago.

The expedition left here a few days ago up the Yazoo river, and passed through bayous into the Sunflower, avoiding the rebel batteries at Haines' Bluff. Communication will thus be opened direct with Gen. Ross in the vicinity of Yazoo City.

The rebels are reported to be sending considerable forces in that direction.

Work is progressing slowly on the canal here. Water is running through it rapidly. Dredges are at work deepening the channel. The rebel batteries opposite its foot have the range accurately, and last night threw shot and shell exactly in the channel half way across the point.

There is no positive news from below. The federal gunboat Essex, from Admiral Farragut's fleet, is reported a few miles below Warrington, which is probably untrue.

A belief that the rebels will evacuate Vicksburg without fighting prevails here, but seems to have little foundation.

Cuisse Bugs.—The Ogle County Report learns that these little nuisances have appeared in some fields in the northern portion of the county. They come out of the ground in great numbers, as they did last year.

This being true, it knocks into a pocket that the theory of some of our farmers, that a wet season kills them off. We trust the editor is misinformed in regard to their early appearance.—Rockford Democrat.

LY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE.

Office: Union Passenger Depot

Last Night's Report.

WASHINGTON, March 25.

The following dispatches are taken from the latest rebel papers:

LAKE CITY, Fla., March 10.—Three Federal gunboats and transports came up the St. John's River to Jacksonville this morning, and landed a force of negro troops, throwing out pickets as far as the brick-yard, a mile and a half distant. Our troops are being moved to within three miles of the town, and a fight is expected in the morning.

NEW YORK, March 27.

The Times special states that the editor of the Alexandria News, and a clerk in the provost marshal's office in that city, were tried yesterday for publishing the roster of the troops in this department; found guilty, and sentenced, the first to one year, and the second to three years hard labor.

NEW YORK, March 27.

In reference to Charleston, Richmond

papers say the authorities and citizens are resolved to defend that city under every extremity.

In case of bombardment places of refuge have been provided for non-combatants. The mere running of our fortifications will amount to but little, unless they could bring their men in transports, they could do nothing more than shell the city, while their ammunition lasted.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—The Courier of the 18th states that the British steamer Calypso, from Nassau, was discovered and chased by the blockaders, but succeeded in escaping, and arrived here yesterday.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

ALBANY, March 27.

Yesterday the ironclad

broke up and lodged on sandbars below.

The docks and piers are 10 feet under water.

One thousand feet of railroad track

between East Albany and Troy was washed away.

The southern mail was taken across the river last night. The mails left this morning via Schenectady and will be in New York at 4 p. m. The water to-day subsided 15 inches.

PORTLAND, March 27.

The Bohemian from Liverpool 12th, Londonderry 13th, has arrived. She brings

one day's later news.

Cotton closed 4d advanced

on the week.

Breadstuffs nominal.

Wheat firm.

Corn advancing tendency.

Provisions dull.

Consols 92¢ for money.

NEW YORK, March 27.

Several exploring parties have returned from the new gold, silver and copper mines, bordering on the Colorado river. They express confidence that that region will rival Washoe, and exhibit specimens of ore which are surprisingly rich.

All men should be willing and glad to contribute their means, and if necessary their lives, on their country's altar; but he who is not, falls short of being a good citizen.

Should resistance be offered to the conscription, I hope the guilty ones will be hung on the first tree.

Morgan has been making fresh demon

strations on our left. The weather is again clear and cool.

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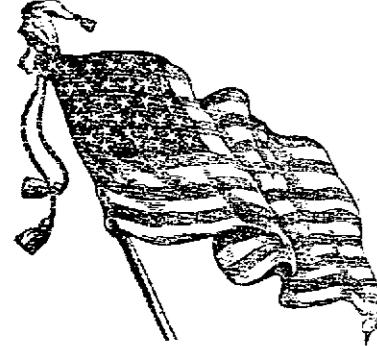
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The Daily Gazette.

City of Janesville.

Friday Evening, March 27, 1863.

Official Paper of the City.



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Special dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.

—Arrives from Greenwood are via Helena on Wednesday afternoon last. The fight between our steamers and the battery was not renewed. Each party is busy making preparations for the next conflict.

The Union battery is partially overpowered by a rise in the Tallahatchie. The enemy are strengthening their position by adding guns to their battery. A raft and trestle ramp are distinctly seen in the Yazoo, beyond the bend, supporting the fort.

The new route to the Yazoo river is working finely, but a description of the route is deemed contraband.

A rumor has been going the rounds here, chiefly confined to secess circles, that the war is continued as the war of a political party—every dollar expended in it is wasted, and worse than wasted, and every life lost in it is an abominable sacrifice, and a burden, indeed, to those upon whom the responsibility rests of the prevailing politics. The man who does not waste his hands of all participation in such a war shares the guilt of those by whom it is prosecuted.

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—Arrives from Greenwood are via Helena on Wednesday afternoon last. The fight between our steamers and the battery was not renewed. Each party is busy making preparations for the next conflict.

The Union battery is partially overpowered by a rise in the Tallahatchie. The enemy are strengthening their position by adding guns to their battery. A raft and trestle ramp are distinctly seen in the Yazoo, beyond the bend, supporting the fort.

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LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

At the Janesville Post Office, from and after November 17th, 1862:
 Chicago, through, \$450 P.M. 7:30 A.M. 8:30 A.M.
 Milwaukee, through, \$450 P.M. 12:30 P.M. 1:30 P.M.
 Chicago & N. W. north, 4:30 P.M. 10:30 A.M. 11:30 A.M.
 Madison, Wisc., 1:30 P.M. 2:15 P.M. 2:30 P.M.
 Madison and west, 2:30 P.M. 3:30 P.M. 4:00 P.M.
 Overland mail to Milwaukee arrives Monday, Wednesdays and Fridays at 1 P.M., and leaves Tuesday, Thursdays and Saturdays at 1 P.M.
 Overland mail to Milwaukee arrives Monday, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 A.M., and leaves Tuesday, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 P.M.
 Overland mail to Milwaukee arrives Tuesday and Friday, and arrives Wednesday and Saturday at 5 P.M.
 Office hours from 8 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays from 12 M. to 1 P.M.
 W. M. BURROUGHS, Postmaster.

Union Club Meeting.

An adjourned meeting of the Union Club will be held at

The Court Room, Friday evening, and will be addressed by JOHN NICHOLS, esq. Let there be full attendance.

Fanning Mill for Sale.

One of Nash & Cutts' Fanning Mills, now and in perfect order, is offered for sale cheap. Inquire at this office.

Stock Certificate Lost.

Any person who has a certificate of stock in the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, issued to the undersigned, will confer a favor by leaving it at this office.

CHAS. HOLT.

Union Club Meeting.

The meeting of the Union Club this evening will be unusually interesting. Senator Howe and John Nichols will address the club, and we do not know where two more attractively speakers can be found. Senator Howe, with his earnest convictions and strong logic, and Mr. Nichols, with his eccentricities and sharp thrusts, make a combination of talent rarely offered to an audience. The evening will be pleasant, and the court room will undoubtedly be thronged. Seats will be reserved for ladies, who are especially invited.

Proceedings of the Common Council.

REGULAR MEETING,

THURSDAY EVENING, March 26.

Present—The Mayor, and all the aldermen but Messrs. Bates, Pattison and Winters.

A communication was received from Water Witch Engine Co. No. 2, alleging irregularities in the late election of officers of the fire department, and declaring the election of James Hamming as Chief Engineer, and John C. Spencer and James F. O'Brien as Assistants, by a majority of the legal votes cast. Referred to the fire department committee.

A communication was received from the city treasurer, in relation to the collection of the state and county tax of 1862. The amount of personal tax remaining uncollected was \$53, and real tax \$2600.

The Mayor was instructed to issue notice of the charter election to be held on the 7th of April next, and the following places were designated for holding the polls:

1st Ward.—Engine House No. 3.

2d Ward.—Engine House No. 2.

3d Ward.—Office formerly occupied by L. Field, esq.

4th Ward.—Office of J. Nettleton.

Two communications were received from the city surveyor and placed on file.

The Mayor reported that he had redeemed the outstanding tax certificates on lot 166, Smith, Bailey & Stone's addition, and paid the taxes of 1862.

The assessment roll for grading the west side of Main street, in the 3d ward, was returned to the council, and an order passed for its collection.

Ad. Patten reported progress on the improvement of the public parks, and a resolution was adopted instructing the mayor to communicate with the county board of supervisors and request a meeting of that body.

An appropriation of \$200 was made for the improvement of the park in Rockport addition, to be expended under the supervision of the mayor, the alderman of the 4th ward, and Dr. O. P. Robinson. The committee were authorized to receive private subscriptions in aid of the work.

The council then adjourned.

Music.—D. D. Wilson has received a fresh supply of new music. The following are some of the best pieces:—"Vesper Song," (for our volunteer sisters), "Jenny Brown and I," "song and chorus," "Singular Dreams," and the "Battle Cry of Freedom" with variations.

EXONERATION OF THE POLICE JUSTICE.—We learn that H. N. Comstock, police justice, has resigned, and we are informed by Mayor Doe that a special meeting of the common council will be called in season to appoint a special election to fill the vacancy to be held at the annual charter election, April 7th.

John Nichols, esq., has been appointed by the Mayor to fill the vacancy until the election of a successor to Mr. Comstock.

Rock County Bible Society.

The annual meeting of the Rock County Bible Society, will be held in the city of Janesville, at the Congregational Church, on Monday evening, the 30th inst., at 7 o'clock.

An address will be given by Rev. O. S. Thompson, and remarks made by other speakers. A general attendance is requested.

WILLARD MERRILL, Secy.

Janesville, March 25, 1863.

A Patriotic Creed.

Gen. Sigel, in a letter written to the great Union Convention, recently held at Cooper Institute, New York, concludes as follows:

"I believe in the Monroe doctrine; in the Butler code, in the President's proclamation, in the good will and perseverance of the people, in the undaunted courage of our volunteers, in the final vindication of the honest, the just and the brave; in the liberation of the down-trodden and the slave, and in the overthrow and death of the southern oligarchy."

He who gets angry in discussion while his opponent keeps cool, holds the hot end of the poker.

S.—T.—1860—X.

Drake's Plantation Bitters.

The public, strengthen, and invigorate. They create a healthy appetite. They are an antidote to chronic water and dist. They overcome the system and enlivens the mind. They prevent miasms and intermittent fevers. They purify the breath and cure of the stomach. They cure the Ulcer, Cholera, and Cholera Morbus. They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache. They are the best bitters in the world. They make a tonic in all diseases, and are a valuable restorative. They are made up of 8000000 parts of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, to 1000 parts, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to time or place. They are a valuable medicine, a delicate, rare, and agreeable, a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Jewelers, andapothecaries.

P. H. LEARY & CO., 2-3 Broadway, N. Y.

Out 25th March, 1860.

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette, by BURKE & GRAY.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, MARCH 27, 1863.

We make up prices as follows:

WHEAT—white winter, \$1.65 per bushel; good to extra milling, \$1.65 per bushel; fair to good shipping grade, \$1.60 per bushel; reported quality, 75-85.

BARLEY—whole, \$1.65 per bushel; 50 bushels per 50 bushels, and 100 bushels per 100 bushels.

RYE—in first receipt at \$1.65 per bushel.

CORN—pure white, \$1.65 per bushel; yellow and mixed lots, 45-50 cents; we do 25-32 per bushel.

OATS—whole, \$1.65 per bushel.

BRINS—whole white, 1.65 per bushel; common to fair quality, 1.60 per bushel.

TIMOTHY SEED—green at \$1.65; yellow at 75 cents per bushel.

ROSES—fresh, 50 cents per dozen.

BUTTER—scarcely at 18-19 cents for fair to choice rolls.

EGG—on an average about 35 cents per bushel.

POULTRY—dressed chickens 14-15 cents per lb., turkeys 15-16 cents per lb.

HAM—1/2 lb. at 75 cents; 1 lb. at 12-13 cents.

DRESS SILKS—100 yards at 4.50 cents per 100 feet for heavy lots and 3.75 cents for light.

SOLID SILVER WARE!

W. are in receipt of a large assortment of

SOLID SILVER GOODS.

AS IS

Silver Plated Tea Sets,

Castors,

Cake Baskets,

Spoons,

Forks,

etc.

Ivory and Rubber Handle Table Knives,

our assortment of

Watches, Clocks & Jewelry

WAS NEVER BETTER.

In fact we have a complete assortment of

ALL KINDS OF GOODS

usually found in a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE.

Our stock will

PROVE WHAT THEY ARE REPRESENTED,

and our

PRICES AS LOW

as can be found in the state for the same quality of goods.

Please Call and See for Yourselves.

J. A. WYER & CO.,

112-120 Main St.

Wilson's Music Store!

Below is a list of

NEW MUSIC

this day received at Wilson's Music Store,

Lappin's Block, 2d story.

SIXTY-THREE is the Jubilee, Oh, Hail to the

Day, Call, O'er Name, Jeff, I'm a Soldier,

Call, O'er Name, O'er Name, O'er Name, Call,

</div

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Arrival and Departure of Mail.

At the Janesville Post Office, from and after November 17th, 1862:

Arrive. Close. Depart.
Chicago, through. 5:45 A.M. 7:00 A.M. 10:30 A.M.
5:45 P.M. 7:00 P.M. 10:30 P.M.
Chicago & N.W. North. 11:15 A.M. 1:30 P.M. 4:30 P.M.
Milwaukee, way. 4:30 P.M. 10:30 A.M. 11:15 A.M.
Milwaukee, through. 1:30 P.M. 2:15 P.M. 2:45 P.M.
Madison, way. 1:30 P.M. 2:15 P.M. 2:45 P.M.
Monroe and way. 10:45 A.M. 4:30 P.M. 5:00 P.M.
Belvidere and way. 8:15 P.M. 9:30 A.M. 10:00 A.M.
Overland Mail to Milwaukee arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 1 P.M. and leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 A.M.
Overland Mail to Madison arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 1 P.M. and leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 A.M.
Overland Mail to Belvidere arrives Tuesdays and Fridays at 7 A.M. and arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays at 12 M. to 1 P.M.
J. M. BURGESS, Postmaster.

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An adjourned meeting of the Union Club will be held at

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A communication was received from the city treasurer, in relation to the collection of the state and county tax of 1862. The amount of personal tax returned uncollected was \$85, and real tax \$2500.

The Mayor was instructed to issue notice of the charter election to be held on the 7th of April next, and the following places were designated for holding the polls:

1st Ward.—Engine House No. 3.
2d Ward.—Engine House No. 2.
3d Ward.—Office formerly occupied by

L. Field, esq.
4th Ward.—Office of J. Nettleton.

Two communications were received from the city surveyor and placed on file.

The Mayor reported that he had redeemed the outstanding tax certificates on lot 156, Smith, Bailey & Stone's addition, and paid the taxes of 1862.

The assessment roll for grading the west side of Main street, in the 3d ward, was returned to the council, and an order passed for its collection.

Al. Patten reported progress on the improvement of the public parks, and a resolution was adopted instructing the mayor to communicate with the county board of supervisors and request a meeting of that body.

An appropriation of \$200 was made for the improvement of the park in Rockport addition, to be expended under the supervision of the major, the alderman of the 4th ward, and Dr. O. P. Robinson. The committee were authorized to receive private subscriptions in aid of the work.

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S.—T.—1862—X.

Drake's Plantation Bitters.
They purify, strengthen, and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are a sovereign remedy of water and dist.
They overcome effects of indigestion and late hours.
They strengthen the system, and invigorate the mind.
They prevent malignant and destructive fevers.
They cure Dr. Dyer's and Captain's Disease.
They cure Diarrhoea, Cholera, and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and various Headaches.
They cure the various effects of the week in man, and are exanthematic and great restorers. They are made of pure S. Orix Bum, and are taken with the purest water, and are to be taken at 1/2 of a dram, particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Druggists, Drapers, and Tailors.

1. H. DRAPER, JONES & CO.,
2 Broadway, N. Y.

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette,

BURKE & CHAT.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, March 27, 1862.

We make up prices as follows:

WHEAT—white winter wheat, 20¢ good to extra milling spring 1.60/1.65; fair to good shipping grades, 2.00/2.05; selected wheat, 75¢/80¢.

BARLEY—choice spring, 1.90/2.00; per 50 lbs., and 80¢/100 come to fair.

RYE—in fair request at 25¢/30¢ per 50 lbs.

CORN—pure white dent, 20¢/25¢ per 50 lbs.; yellow and mixed, 15¢/20¢; our do 28¢/32 per 70 lbs.

OATS—quiet at 47¢/49¢ per bushel.

BEANS—choice white 1.50/1.75 per 50 lbs., common to fair quality 1.60/1.70.

TOOTHPICKS—equal at \$1.60/1.75 per 40 lbs.

SOAPS—fresh, 7¢/8¢ per dozen.

ROSES—sugar at 1.00/1.10 per 100 lbs.

CHOCOLATE—dressed chickens 14¢/16¢ per lb., turkey 6¢/8¢.

SHOES—Gloves, 7¢/8¢ per pair.

DRUGS—SILK, 1.50/1.75 per 100 lbs.

Chicago and North-Western Railway
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after Monday May 16th trains leave Janesville.
A composition Train, for Chicago, 6:00 A.M.
11:00 A.M.
1:00 P.M.
4:00 P.M.
Passenger Train, for Oshkosh, 6:15 A.M.
Freight Train, 6:15 P.M.
Tickets for Berlin, Beaver Dam, Portage and other points, for
part of the State, St. Paul and all points north and west; for
Milwaukee, Rockford, Freeport, Galena, Dubuque and points
west; tickets for all principal points east and south, or
sales at the passenger depot.

H. E. PATTERSON, Agent.

1862. Winter Arrangement. 1862.

M. & P. C. C. R. R. Time Table.

Nov. 1, 1862, Time Table No. 25.

Trains leave Janesville as follows:

From Milwaukee at	6:00 A.M.
" " " " "	11:00 A.M.
" " " " "	1:00 P.M.
" " " " "	4:00 P.M.
" " " " "	6:00 P.M.

Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:

To Milwaukee at	6:00 A.M.
" " " " "	11:00 A.M.
" " " " "	1:00 P.M.
" " " " "	4:00 P.M.
" " " " "	6:00 P.M.

Tickets for Berlin, Beaver Dam, Portage and other points, for
part of the State, St. Paul and all points north and west; for
Milwaukee, Rockford, Freeport, Galena, Dubuque and points
west; tickets for all principal points east and south, or
sales at the passenger depot.

H. E. PATTERSON, Agent.

W. M. B. STRONG, Agent.

Alena and Chicago Union Railroad.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after March 25, 1863, trains will leave

Oshkosh and arrive as follows, Sundays excepted:

Leave Oshkosh, 3:10 P.M.

Arrive at Janesville, 6:00 A.M.

Leave Janesville, 6:00 P.M.

Arrive at Oshkosh, 11:45 A.M.

Leave Oshkosh, 11:45 A.M.

Arrive at Janesville, 6:00 P.M.

Leave Janesville, 6:00 P.M.

Arrive at Oshkosh, 11:45 A.M.

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